142

Secretary

STATE OF KANSAS



Forbes Field Topeka, KS 66620-0001 (913) 862-9360

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

August 4, 1987

Mr. David Trombold Hazardous Waste Coordinator Conservation Services, Inc. 2525 North New York Wichita, KS 67219

RECEIVED

AUG 12 1987

RCOM SECTION

Re: Hazardous Waste Compliance Inspection

EPA ID number KSD007246846

Mr. Trombold:

On July 2, 1987 an inspection of your TSD facility was conducted by this department to determine compliance with state and federal regulations concerning hazardous waste.

The inspection revealed that your facility generates the following hazardous waste as defined by 40 CFR 261:

	Wastes Generated	Waste Codes
1.	chlorinated solvents	F001, F002
2.	ignitable solvents and solvent-paint mixtures	D001
3.	listed solvents and solvent-paint mixtures	F003, F005
4.	paint solids	D005, D006, D007, D008
5.	sparged carbon and condensate from sparging unit	F001

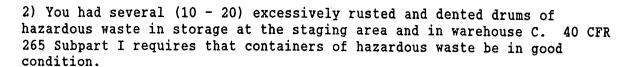
The quantity of hazardous waste generated is more than 1000 kilograms (approximately 2200 pounds) per month. Your facility is, therefore, regulated under 40 CFR, Part 262 as adopted by K.A.R. 28-31-4. In addition to being an EPA generator, your facility is regulated as a TSD under interim status.

The inspection identified the following items not in compliance with regulations concerning generators of hazardous waste and hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal (TSD) facilities:

1) 40 CFR 265.13 (a) (1) states "before an owner or operator treats, stores, or disposes of any hazardous waste, he must obtain a detailed chemical and physical analysis of a representative sample of the waste". You are not currently fulfilling this requirement with respect to perchloroethylene sludge customers.

R00001600

RCRA Records Center



- 3) Lack of hazardous waste determination. A person who generates a solid waste, as defined in 40 CFR 261.2, must determine if that waste is a hazardous waste using the methods described in 40 CFR 262.11 (a) through (c). There were approximately 20 drums of unknown contents stored north of the Service Chemical warehouse. I understand these were generated from Service Chemical activities. Some of these drums were severely rusted and deteriorated. Also, incompatible storage appeared possible, since drums marked "caustic soda" were stored in close proximity to drums you indicated may contain "chlorinated solvent".
- 4) Ten drums of hazardous waste from Electro-Mech did not exhibit start dates as required under K.A.R. 28-31-8.
- 5) Your closure cost estimate did not take into account the possibility of having to incinerate at least some of the drums. Yet, some of your hazardous solids wastestreams are currently sent offsite for incineration (being the only viable disposal alternative). According to 40 CFR 265.142, closure cost estimates should be based on a "worst case" situation.

By <u>September 22, 1987</u> please send me written documentation outlining the steps you have take to correct the above items. This should include:

(a) the identity of the drums stored in the Service Chemical area, and how they will be handled; (b) excerpt from your waste analysis plan showing analysis will be required of perc sludge customers before pickup is made; and (c) revised closure cost estimates.

Also, you should be aware that, under Federal law (40 CFR 268.7), all your shipments of "F" listed solvent waste off-site must be accompanied by a notification providing the following information:

- a. EPA waste number
- b. Applicable treatment standard (a list of treatment standards for spent solvents is enclosed with this letter)
- c. Manifest number
- d. Waste analysis data, if available

This rule will be adopted by the State of Kansas by May 1988. In the interim, it is enforceable only under Federal Law. In your particular case, it is applicable at a minimum to your shipments of waste solvent blends and condensate from the sparging unit to Systech. These blends are considered "F" listed solvents under the mixture rule.

Mr. David Trombold 8/3/87

Enclosed, is the list of "California Wastes" you requested.

Your cooperation with the Hazardous Waste Management Program is appreciated. If you have questions concerning the inspection, please call me at (316) 651-5529.

Sincerely,

Dale T. Dale T. Stuckey

Inspections and Enforcement Section Bureau of Waste Management

cc: Tom Gross J.P. Goetz

enclosures

Secretary

STATE OF KANSAS



Forbes Field Topeka, KS 66620-0001 (913) 862-9360

shipment to Systech

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

RCRA COMPLIANCE INSPECTION REPORT GENERATORS AND TRANSPORTERS CHECKLIST

A.	<u>General</u>	
	Date7/2/8	37 Time 0930 EPA ID No. KSD007246846
	Facility Name	Conservation Services, Inc.
	Street	2525 New York
	City	Wichita , Kansas Zip 67219
	County	Sedgwick Phone (316) 267-5742
	Contacts	David TromboldHazardous Waste Coordinator
	Inspector	Dale T. Stuckey
	Other	6 employees
В.	Hazardous Waste	e Determination
	1. Does genera or 261.33?	tor generate waste(s) listed in 261.31. 261.32 YES NO
	EPA Hazardous	Describe Method of
	Waste No.	Waste Material Quantity/Month Disposal
	F001	chlorinated solvent 37,000 lbs/6 mths H.R.I. (Hydrocarbon Recyclers)
	F001	perchloroethylene- 16,000 lbs since sparged on-site contaminated dry Oct. 86 (recycled perc cleaning cartridges is sold)
	F001	chlorinated solvent 31,000 lbs since blended for fuel, includ. perc sludge Sep. 86 sent to Systech
	F003	paint and fiber- 5,600 lbs since " " glass solvent Jan 87
	F005	paint solvents 19,600 lbs since " " Jan 87
	F005	MEK solvent from 31,000 lbs since H.R.I. one customer Jan 87
	F001	water-based wastes 20,000 lbs since H.R.I. (neutralized cor- Jan 87 rosives, condensate from sparging unit,
•		contaminated stormwater from diked areas, water soluble oil)
	F001	sparged carbon ? stored for bulk

hazardous characteristics (corrosivity, ignitability, re-

activity, EP toxicity)?

NO

If yes, list waste(s), EPA Hazardous Waste No. according to 40 CFR, Subpart C, and quantity.

EPA Hazardous <u>Waste No.</u>	Waste Material	Quantity/Month	Method of Disposal
D001	<pre>ignitable paint solvents (alcohols glycol ethers, aliphatics, minera spirits, etc.)</pre>	304,000 lbs/6 mth	
D005,D006,	paint solids for	40,000 lbs since	Rollins
D007, D008	incineration	Jan 87	Environmental
D00?,D006,	paint solids for	29,000 lbs since	USPCI
D007, D008	landfilling (almost all chrome solids)	Jan 87	

- b. Does generator determine characteristics by testing or by applying knowledge of processes? Explain below:
 - If determined by testing, did generator use test method 261.21, 261.22, 261.23, 261.24 or was equivalent test method used?__ YES NO If equivalent method used, obtain copy of test method.
- 3. Are there any other wastes generated by generator?

a. If yes, list below:

<u>Waste Description</u>	Disposal Method
sparged dry cleaning cartridges	Brooks landfill

b. Did the generator test these wastes to determine if hazardous? Explain if necessary:



NO ·

4. Generator size classification: $SQ (\langle 25 \text{ kg/month})$ EPA SQ (100 - 1000 kg/month)

KG (25 - 100 kg/month) (>1000 kg/month)

General information

- -- They still have approx. 160 waste customers. There are only two out-of-state accounts, in Missouri and Texas.
- --Thirteen of their customers are body shops. That probably means there are a lot of shops in Wichita that are not being serviced by anyone.
- --They recently bought a "Gorator" dispersant/mixer to help chop and blend solids and solvent together for Systech fuel. They are also still using the original dispersing unit. The "Gorator" is actually attached to the side of one of the vertical waste storage tanks and can be used to pump the contents of one tank to the other as well as blend up solvents/solids into the tanks.
- --For economic reasons, no on-site distillation now takes place.
- --They are increasing the volume of water-based wastestreams handled (e.g. water soluble oil); and are also now taking such wastes as neutralized (some containing chrome) acid. They do not take any waste unless it is neutralized.
 --The chlorinated solvents which are blended into Systech fuel, contain 10-60 % chlorine. No wastestream with over 60% chlorine is used for fuel. I did see, however, that one waste shipment containing 89% chlorinated was sent to Systech last year. I was told this waste was blended to a chlorine content of about 30% before being shipped.
- --Most of the paint solvent taken in is either lacquer or enamel thinner. A lot of the enamel thinner comes from paint companies, such as Kansas Paint and Color. Most of the lacquer thinner comes from Beechcraft.
- --None of the listed paint solvent wastestreams are now being sent for recycling (except for one MEK wastestream being shipped to HRI).
- --Solvent-contaminated fly ash is no longer being sent over from Systech.

 David feels they probably just incorporate this waste into their cement now.

 The last shipment of fly ash received from Systech by Reid was 6/12/86.

 --The established waste outlets for CSI include: USPCI, HRI, Rollins (for
- -- The established waste outlets for CSI include: USPCI, HRI, Rollins (for incineration), and Systech.
- --The water-based wastestream being shipped to HRI includes: water soluble machining oil, neutralized corrosives from metal finishing processes, condensate from the sparging unit, and contaminated stormwater from the diked areas in CSI's staging area, and outside warehouse C. HRI evaporates and treats water and discharges down the sewer, and sends solids either to a landfill or to Systech. Some neutralized corrosives (solutions which cannot be put down drain, such as copper contaminated solution from wire-drawing operations), however, are shipped direct from the customer to Systech --No land disposal ban notification accompanies any of of the shipments of F listed waste from CSI to the off-site TSD.
- -- One tanker per week of waste fuel is shipped to Systech.
- --CSI workers do a compatibility and pH check on all incoming wastes. But they do no visual check.
- --Most of the confirmation analyses are done at Heuristech Lab. and channeled from there to other labs as needed. Waste with a high halogen content are analyzed at Systech. Systech also performs detailed analysis on all waste fuel shipments. Bill Groutas, a professor at WSU, does confirmation analysis for all wastestreams destined for distillation. Systech does detailed analysis on distillation wastestreams. Attached is a copy of the Waste Profile Sheet which is filled out for new customers, and a copy of the waste sample sheet for detailed analysis.

--CSI does not require a detailed analysis (either original or annual review) on wastes from dry cleaners (perc still bottoms and cartridges). However, when CSI accumulates up to 20 drums of perc still bottom waste on site, they take a composite sample of the drums for analysis.

--Perc reclaimed during sparging is sent to Service Chemical (a sister company of CSI) who in turn sells it to Apparelmasters, a Wichita dry cleaning firm.
--Total purgeable organic carbon is the parameter used in verification analysis for those wastestreams destined for landfilling or incineration. This is to ensure that those wastes which should be incinerated do not end up landfilled. TOC is also used in the original detailed analysis of new wastestreams.
--I got two soil samples (at J. Ramsey's request) for both Ep toxicity and VOC analysis outside warehouse (reference attached sketch). Analysis (also attached) indicated the samples were non-hazardous.

Field observations

Distillation and sparging area

Indoor

-One drum of sparged carbon accumulated near sparging unit. Labeled and dated.

Outside

- -Two drums of dry cleaning cartridges from Cowboy Cleaners. Dated and labeled.
- -Three other drums of cartridges. Labeled and dated.
- -Twenty rusted drums in storage outside northeast corner of main plant. David wasn't sure what these drums contained. He did say they were from Service Chemical. Some of them were labeled "Caustic Soda". One other was labeled "recycled lacquer thinner". Another was a rusted lined drum, 1/4 full labeled "hydrofluoric acid". The labels on the rest were too badly faded to read. David said he thought some of these may contain chlorinated solvents.

Staging area

They no longer have a USPCI gondola in this area.

Inventory:

- -6 drums containing miscellaneous trash (used pump diaphragms, sample bottles, etc.). These will be handled as hazardous waste and shipped to USPCI. They were labeled and dated.
- -18 drums of assorted paint solids that could not be ground up enough to pump into the vertical tanks. Labeled and dated. At least two of these were rusted and dented.
- -10 drums of paint stripper from Electro-Mech did not display start dates.
- -4 drums of paint solvent from Kansas Paint and Color, Wichita.
- -8 other drums of solvent awaiting processing.

Warehouse C

All drums were on pallets.

Inside inventory:

-Approx. 48 drums from Kansas Paint and Color. Marked with the shipping name "Waste Solvent, n.o.s." (improper).

-Approx. 28 drums from Mid Continent Cabinetry in Newton. Two of these were excessively rusted.

- -3 drums of waste tric from Smith and Smith Aircraft.
- -8 drums from Coleman North in Wichita.
- -41 other assorted drums.
- -3 drums from Copeland Corporation, Wichita. Labeled with "Flammable Liquid" label, but marked with shipping name "Waste 1,1,1 tric".
 -Approx. 312 other drums from various customers--chlorinated and non-
- -Approx. 312 other drums from various customers--chlorinated and non-chlorinated solvent. Included with this number was 18 drums of recycled perc to be sold to Appararelmasters.

Outside inventory (on loading ramp):

-24 drums of 1,1,1 tric from Red-T-Coil in Nagadoches, Texas.

Findings

- --No land ban notification is accompanying shipments of F Listed solvent blends to Systech.
- -- No analysis is required of waste perc customers before shipment.
- --20 drums of unknown contents stored outside northeast of main warehouse. Some of the drums are rusted. Also, may be possible incompatible storage (caustic soda and chlorinated solvent in close proximity).
- -- Two rusted and dented drums in the staging area.
- -- Ten drums from Electro-Mech in the staging area. Not dated.
- --At least 5 excessively rusted drums in Warehouse C.
- -- At least 4 excessively dented drums in Warehouse C.
- --Closure cost estimates doesn't take into account drums needing to be incinerated, yet, incineration is one of the off-site disposal methods now used for certain drums.

ADDENDUM TO GENERATOR CHECKLIST LAND BAN F-SOLVENTS

A. F-Solvent Identification

Does the handler generate the following wastes?

a. F001

(Yes)

No

b. F002

Yes

No

c. F003

· Yes

No

If an F003 wastestream listed solely for for ignitability was mixed with a non-restricted solid or hazardous waste, does the resultant mixture exhibit the ignitability characteristic?

Yes No NA

d. F004

Yes



e. F005

Yes

No

B. National Variances and Extensions/Petitions

1. Is the waste generated by a Small Quantity Generator? [268.30(a)(1)]

Yes



2. Is the waste generated from a RCRA corrective action? [268.30(a)(2)]

Yes



3. Is the waste generated from a CERCLA response action? [268.30(a)(2)]

Yes



4. Is the solvent waste a solvent-water mixture, solvent-containing sludge, or solvent-contaminated soil containing less than one percent total F001-F005 constituents by weight?
[268.30(a)(3)]

Yes



5. Any extensions/petitions approved?

Yes



C. BDAT Treatability Group - Treatment Standards Identification

1. Did the generator correctly determine the appropriate treatability group and treatment standards of the waste [268.41]. Wastewaters containing solvents; spent methylene chloride



HAZADOUS WASTE PROFILE SHEET



CONSERVATION SERVICES, INC. 2525 N. NEW YORK WICHITA, KANSAS 67219 (316) 267-5742

GENERATOR			_ EPA ID #	
ADDRESS	P.0.	BOX	PHONE #	
US DOT SHIPPING NAME			HAZARD C	LASS
UN OR NA #	EPA WASTE N	IUMBER(S)		
•	SPECIFIC WAS	TESTREAM INFORMATION		
Known components are				, .
Describe routine variat	ions (if any) in wastestrea	m	· , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•			·	
Waste is typically	% LIQUID	% SLURRY	% SLU	JDGE % SOLID
Average number of inches	s of settled solids	. INCHES PER	R GAL	LON DRUM (container size).
Time of storage on site	before shipment_			
Is this waste stored in	a segregated area?	YES NO.	. If not, pleas	se describe other materials
stored nearby		•		
	GENERAL WA	STESTREAM INFORMATION		•
List other sources of W	ASTE which could accidental	ly be mixed with this	wastestream_	
List any materials used	on site which could be inc	ompatible with this wa	istestream (ie.	acids, causticsother).
·		•	·	
Describe procedure for m	nanaging WASTES on site to	prevent cross-contamin	nation	Ą.
		•		
	ADDITI	ONAL INFORMATION		
Generator must be willing	nust be kept in place to pr ng to notify CSI of any sig not contain P.CB's or Radio	nificant variations in	or water contam this wastestre	uination. am.
	ANALYS	IS/VERIFICATION		
Does generator have cur	rent analysis data?	YES NO. Does g	generator have c	current Material Safety
Data Sheet(s) of compone	ent(s)?YESN	O. 'Please attach copi	es of analysis	and/or MSDS's.
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CSI Representative coll	ecting information		Date	
CERTIFICATION STATEMENT	: I certify to the best of complete, and true. I r this waste if there is S waste received by CSI.	ealize there may be ad	ditional costs	toward final disposal of
COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE	signature)		Date	
COMMENTS				
			•	
· ·	er, Generator, CSI Represen	tative, File		



WASTE SAMPLE ANALYSIS

CONSERVATION SERVICES, INC. 2525 N. NEW YORK WICHITA, KANSAS 67219 (316) 267-5742

		(316) 267-5742
GENERATOR	CODE # DATE	REC'D
		<u> </u>
		CT
SAMPLE LABELED AS		
		ANIFEST #
PH	YSICAL/VISUAL ANALYSIS OF WASTE SAM	PLE
COLOR PHASE	: UnilayerBilayer	Multilayer
ODOR	Water% Solvent	% Solids
	RCRA HAZARDOUS WASTE DETERMINATIO	<u>on</u>
IGNITABILITY: Flash Pt	EP TOX (ppm)	TCLP (ppm)
CORROSIVITY: pH	Lead	Acetone
REACTIVITY:	Barium	MEK
	Cadmium	Toluene
	Chromium	Xylene
	DISPOSAL METHOD PER ANALYSIS	
DISPOSAL AS FUEL OR BY DISTILLATION	DISPOSAL BY INCINERATION(F	PYROLOSIS) OR HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL
Gas Chromatograph: Solvent / %	Organic Solvent Content (p	opm)
	Acetone	MEK
	To luene	Xylene
	Total Purgeable Organic Ca	arbon
	Halogen 1000) ppm Corrosivity: pH
·	DISPOSAL AS WASTE WATER	
	Ignitability: Flash Pt	°C°C
	Corrosivity: pH	Halogen:
	Specific Gravity	B S & W:
	Heavy Metals (ppm):	
•	Lead	
	6	Chromium
<i>,</i>		
	·	
Energy ContentBTU/1b	,	
Halogen% Ash%	CHEMIST:	DATE
pHPCBppm		
Lead Cadmium	APPROVAL:	DATE
Barium Chromium	illation Incineration મહ	V. landfill Wasto Waton
		V. Landfill Waste Water

Copies: Process Engineer, Generator, CSI Coordinator, File.

7/2/87 DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENT Dal. T. Stuken TOPEKA , KANSAS RCRA inspection Conservation Services, Wichita WAREHOUSE Soil samples ransformer

PARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENV. VSAS PARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIONES LABORATORY SERVICES AND RESEARCH ENVIRONMENTAL CRGANIC LABORATORY CS636 SARNAN KANSAS 66520

> GC/MS ANALYSIS REPORT

EPORT TO: DALE T. STUCKEY

DDRESS:

SCD-OFFICE, WICHITA, KS.

LAB NUMBER:

JUL 31 1987

DISTRICT OFFICE

8000310C

REPORT DATE:

7-21-87

SAMPLE COLLECTION INFORMATION

AMPLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 7/2/87-CSI #1 48 4 49 1 SAMPLE TYPE: CLLECTION SITE: CONSERVATION SERVICES, 2525 NEW YORK, WICHITA (SG CO.)

CLLECTED BY: DALE T. STUCKEY

DATE: 7- 2-87

1600

RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

PURGABLE CRGANICS	CONCENTRATION	DETECTION LIMIT
	(MG/KG)	(MG/KG)
:HLCROMETHANE :	NOT DETECTED	12.5
3R OMOMETHANE	NOT DETECTED	3.0
/INYL CHLCRIDE	NOT DETECTED	2-0
CHLORGETHANE	NOT DETECTED	9.3
)ICHLOROMETHANE	NOT DETECTED	2.3
I,1-DICHLCROETHYLENE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
1,1-DICHLCROETHANE	NOT DETECTED	1.3
RANS &/OR CIS 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	NOT DETECTED	1.3
TRICHLOROMETHANE (THM)	NOT DETECTED	1.3
i, 2-DICHLCROETHANE	NOT CETECTED	1.5
:/2-DICHLCROETHANE :/1/1-TRICHLOROETHANE !ETRACHLOROMETHANE	NOT DETECTED	1.8
TETRACHLOROMETHANE	NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED	1.8
ROMODICHLOROMETHANE (THM)	NOT DETECTED	1.3
1,2-DICHLCROPROPANE	NOT DETECTED	1.0
TRANS 1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	NOT DETECTED	2.0
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
BENZENE	NOT DETECTED	1.0
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE (THM)		1.8
IIS 1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	NOT DETECTED	2.3
1.1.2-TRICHLOROETHANE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
BROMOFORM (THM)	NOT DETECTED	3.8
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
CETRACHLOROETHYLENE	NOT DETECTED	2.8
CLUENE	NOT DETECTED	1.0
HLOROBENZENE	NOT DETECTED	1.0
THYLEENZENE	NOT DETECTED	1.8
1E TA-X YLENE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
ROMOFORM (THM) 1.1.2.2-TETRACHLOROETHANE CETRACHLOROETHYLENE CLUENE HLCRCBENZENE ITHYLEENZENE IETA-XYLENE)RTHO &/OR PARA-XYLENE .3-DICHLCROBENZENE .2 &/OR 1.4-DICHLOROEENZENE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
,3-DICHLCROBENZENE	NOT DETECTED	2.5
.2 &/OR 1.4-DICHLOROEENZENE	NOT DETECTED	2.5

MALYST: RICHARD L. PIERCE

ROGER H. CARLSON, PH.D., DIRECTOR

.CPY TO: J. RAMSEY, FORBES BLDG 321

PARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENV LABORATORY SERVICES AND RESEARCH ENVIRONMENTAL ORGANIC LABORATORY TOPEKA, KANSAS 66520

> GC/MS ANALYSIS

'REPORT TO:

DALE T. STUCKEY

ADDRESS:

SCD-OFFICE, WICHITA, KS.

REPORT

8000300c

REPORT DATE:

JUL 31 1987

DISTRICT OFFICE

7-21-87

1600

SAMPLE COLLECTION INFORMATION

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 7/2/87-CSI #2 SAMPLE TYPE: CCLLECTION SITE: CONSERVATION SERVICES, 2525 NEW YORK, WICHITA (SG CO.) CCLLECTED BY: DALE T. STUCKEY DATE: 7- 2-87 TIME:

RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

PURGABLE CRGANICS	CONCENTRATION	DETECTION LIMIT
	(Me/KG)	(MG/KG)
CHLORCMETHANE	NOT DETECTED	12.5
BROMOMETHANE 50 A TO THE STATE OF THE STATE	NOT DETECTED ,	3.0
CHLORCMETHANE BROMOMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE CHLOROETHANE	NOT DETECTED	
CHLCROETHANE	NOT DETECTED	2.0 9.3
DICHLOROMETHANE	NOT DETECTED	2.3
DICHLOROMETHANE 1.1-DICHLOROETHYLENE 1.1-DICHLOROETHANE	NOT DETECTED	
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	NOT DETECTED	1.5 1.3
TRANS &/OF CIS 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	NOT DETECTED	1.3
TRICHLOROMETHANE (THM)	NOT DETECTED	1.3
1,2-DICHLCROETHANE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
·	NOT DETECTED	1.8
TETRACHLOROMETHANE '	NOT DETECTED	1.8
SROMODICHLOROMETHANE (THM)	NOT DETECTED	1.3
1,2-DICHLCROPROPANE	NOT DETECTED	1.0
TRANS 1,3-DICHLORCPROPENE	NOT DETECTED	2.0
FRICHLOROETHYLENE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
BENZENE	NOT DETECTED	1.0
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE (THM)	NOT DETECTED	1.8
CIS 1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	NOT DETECTED	2.3
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	NOT DETECTED	2.3 1.5
BROMOFORM (THM)	NOT DETECTED	
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANS	NOT DETECTED	3.8
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE		1.5
CLUENE	NOT DETECTED	2.8
JHLOROBENZENE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE THE TH	NOT DETECTED	1.0
ITHYLBENZENE	NOT DETECTED	1.0
1ETA-XYLENE	NOT DETECTED	1.8
ORTHO 3/OR PARA-XYLENE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
January Con Para-XYLENE	NOT DETECTED	1.5
	NOT DETECTED	2.5 ES
1,2 &/OR 1,4-DICHLOROSENZENE	NOT DETECTED	2.5

ANALYST: RICHARD L. PIERCE

ROGER H. CARLSON, PH.D., DIRECTOR

COPY TO: J. RAMSEY, FORBES BLDG 321

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT LABORATORY SERVICES AND RESEARCH INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY TOPEKA, KANSAS 66620-8420

RESULTS OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

REPORT TO: DALE STUCKEY---WICHITA

ADDRESS:

LAS NUMBER: 800031PT

JUL 27 1987

DISTRICT OFFICE

ACCOUNT CODE:

WM .

MATRIX:

SOIL

LOCALITY:

CONSERVATION SERVICES 2525 NEW YORK

TIME COLLECTED: 1600

COLLECTED BY: DALE STUCKEY

DATE COLLECTED:

7- 2-87

SAMPLE ID:

DATE-RECEIVED:

7- 8-87

COMMENTS:

DATE REPORTED:

7-22-87

ACID LEACH; EP TOXICITY PENDING

RESULTS EXPRESSED IN MILLIGRAMS/KILOGRAM

TCTAL HARD.	ΝA	PH	NΑ	IRON	NA
(CACO3)		TURBIDITY	NΑ	MANGANESE	NA
CALCIUM	NА	SPECIFIC COND.	NA	ARSENIC	0.040
MAGNESIUM	NA	T. DISSOLVED SOLIDS	NΑ	SARIUM	213.04
SCDIUM	NΑ	TOTAL PHOSPHORUS (P)	NΑ	CADMIUM	6.180
POTASSILM	NA	SILICA (SIC2)	NΑ	CHROMIUM	5690
		BORON	NA	COPPER	32.00
TOTAL ALK.	NA	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	NA	LEAD	250.060
(CACO3)		BOC	NΑ	MERCURY	0.0600
CHLCRIDE	N A	COD	NΑ	SELENIUM	ND
SULFATE	NA	(V) AINONMA	N.A	SILVER	1.498
NITRATE (N)	NA	T. SUS. SULIDS	NΑ	ZINC	976.00
FLUCRIDE	NA			ALUMINUM	NA !
				BERYLLIUM	NA
CYANIDES	N.A	CARBONATE HARDNESS	NA	NICKEL	NA
OIL/GREASE	NΑ	NON-CARBONATE HARD.	N.A	ANTIMONY	" NA
PHENOLS	NA	NAHCO3 ALKALINITY	NΑ	THALLIUM	NA
TDP	NA	MSAS	· NA		
SULFIDE /	416	FLASH POINT	NA	•	
CHEMIST: FD		NA - NOT ANALYZED		ND - NOT	DETECTED

COPY TO:

J. RAMSEY--- 3km, KDHE-TOPEKA, KS.

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT LABORATORY SERVICES AND RESEARCH INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY TOPEKA, KANSAS 66620-8420

RESULTS OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

REPORT TO: DALE STUCKEY---KDHE WICHITA

ADDRESS:

LAB NUMBER: 800030PT

ACCOUNT CODE: WM

MATRIX:

SOIL

LCCALITY:

CONSERVATION SERVICES 2525 NEW YORK

TIME COLLECTED: 1600

COLLECTED BY: DALE STUCKEY

DATE COLLECTED:

7- 2-87

SAMPLE ID:

DATE-RECEIVED:

COMMENTS:

DATE REPORTED:

7-22-87

ACID LEACH; EP TOXICITY PENDING

RESULTS EXPRESSED IN MILLIGRAMS/KILOGRAM

(CACO3)		THEDTOTTV			
CONCODY		TURBIDITY	N A	MANGANESE	NA [
CALCIUM	N.A	SPECIFIC COND.	NA	ARSENIC	0.032
MAGNESIUM	N.A	T. DISSOLVED SOLIDS	NA	BARIUM	164.04
SCDIUM	NA	TOTAL PHOSPHORUS (P)	NA	CADMIUM	13.580
POTASSILM	NA	SILICA (SIC2)	NA	CHROMIUM	94.50
		BORON	ΝA	COPPER	20.00
TOTAL ALK.	NA	DISSOLVED CXYGEN	NA	LEAD	292.060
(CACO3)		800	ΝA	MERCURY	ND.
CHLORIDE	NA	COD	NA	SELENIUM	ND
SULFATE	NA	AMPONIA (N)	NΑ	SILVER	4.198
NITRATE (N)	NА	T. SUS. SOLIDS	NΑ	ZINC	749.50
FLUORIDE	NA			ALUMINUM	NA
			•	BERYLLIUM	NA.
CYANIDES	NA	CARBONATE HARDNESS	NA	NICKEL	NA
OIL/GREASE	NA	NON-CARBONATE HARD.	NA	ANTIMONY	,NA [‡]
PHENOLS	NA	NAHCO3 ALKALINITY	NA	THALLIUM	N A
TDP	NA	Z 4 E M	A.N		
SULFIDE /	NA	FLASH POINT	NA	1	- 1
				Fig.	
CHEMIST: FD		NA - NOT ANALYZED		ND - NOT	DETECTED

COPY TO:

J. RAMSEY---BWM, KDHE-TOPEKA, KS.

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT LABORATORY SERVICES AND RESEARCH INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY TOPEKA, KANSAS 66620-8420



RESULTS OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

DALE T. STUCKEY---SCDO

ADDRESS:

CONSERVATION SERVICES 2525 NEW YORK TIME COLLECTED: 1600

. LAB NUMBER: 800091PT

ACCOUNT CODE: WM

MATRIX:

LOCALITY:

DATE COLLECTED: 7- 2-87

SAMPLE ID: CSI#1

DATE-RECEIVED:

7- 8-87

COMMENTS: EP TOXICITY ON 800031PT

COLLECTED BY: DALE STUCKEY

DATE REPORTED: 7-27-87

RESULTS EXPRESSED IN MILLIGRAMS/LITER

TOTAL HARD.	NA	PH	NA	IRON	NA
(CACO3)		TURBIDITY	NA	MANGANESE	NA
CALCIUM	NA	SPECIFIC COND.	NΑ	ARSENIC	NA :
MAGNESIUM	NA	T. DISSOLVED SOLIDS	NΑ	BARIUM	NA
SODIUM	NA	TOTAL PHOSPHORUS (P)	NA	CADMIUM	NA
POTASSIUM	NA	SILICA (SIO2)	NΑ	CHROMIUM	NA
•		BORON	NA	COPPER	NA
TOTAL ALK.	NA	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	NA	LEAD	0-430
(CACO3)		BOD	NA	MERCURY	NA
CHLORIDE	NA	COD	NA	SELENIUM	NA
SULFATE	NA	AMMONIA (N)	NA	SILVER	NA
NITRATE (N)	NA	T. SUS. SOLIDS	NA	ZINC	NA
FLUCRIDE	N A	ť		ALUMINUM	NA
		•		BERYLLIUM	NA
CYANIDES	NA	CARBONATE HARDNESS	NA	NICKEL	NA
OIL/GREASE	NA	NON-CARBONATE HARD.	NA	ANTIMONY	NA
PHENOLS	NA	NAHCO3 ALKALINITY	NA	THALLIUM	NA
TDP .	NA	MBAS	NA		
SULFIDE /	NA	FLASH POINT	NA	•	
•					:

CHEMIST:

COPY TO:

J. RAMSEY---BWM

KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT LABORATORY SERVICES AND RESEARCH INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY TOFEKA, KANSAS 66620-8420



RESULTS OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

DALE T. STUCKEY---SCDO REPORT TO:

ADDRESS:

LAB NUMBER: 800090PT

ACCOUNT CODE: WM

MATRIX:

SOIL

LOCALITY:

CONSERVATION SERVICES 2525 NEW YORK TIME COLLECTED: 1600

COLLECTED BY: DALE STUCKEY

DATE COLLECTED:

7- 2-87

SAMPLE ID: CSI#2

DATE-RECEIVED:

7- 8-87

COMMENTS: EP TOXICITY ON 800030PT

DATE REPORTED:

7-27-87

RESULTS EXPRESSED IN MILLIGRAMS/LITER

TOTAL HARD.	NA	PH	NA	IRON	NA
(CACO3)		TURBIDITY	NA	MANGANESE	NA
CALCIUM	NA	SPECIFIC COND.	NΑ	ARSENIC	NA]
MAGNESIUM	NΑ	T. DISSOLVED SOLIDS	NA	BARIUM	NA
SODIUM	NA	TOTAL PHOSPHORUS (P)	NA	CADMIUM	N A
POTASSIUM	NA	SILICA (SIO2)	NA	CHROMIUM	NA
		BORON	NA	COPPER	NA.
TOTAL ALK.	NA	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	NA	LEAD	0.200
(CACO3)		BOD	NA	MERCURY	, K'N
CHLORIDE	NA	COD	NA	SELENIUM	NA
SULFATE	NA	AMMONIA (N)	NA	SILVER	NA
NITRATE (N)	NA	T. SUS. SOLIDS	NA	ZINC	NA
FLUCRIDE	NA			ALUMINUM	NA
,				BERYLLIUM	NA
CYANIDES	NA	CARBONATE HARDNESS	NA	NICKEL	NA
OIL/GREASE	NA	NON-CARBONATE HARD.	NA	ANTIMONY	NA
PHENOLS	NA	NAHCO3 ALKALINITY	NA	THALLIUM	NA
TDP	NA	MBAS	NÁ		
SULFIDE /	NA	FLASH POINT	NA		
CHEMIST: FD		NA - NOT ANALYZED		ND - NOT	DETECTED

COPY TO:

J. RAMSEY---BWM

Secretary



Forbes Field Topeka, KS 66620-0001 (913) 862-9360

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

RCRA Compliance Inspection Report

T/S/D Facilities Checklist

A.	<u>General</u>						
	Date 7/2/87	Time0930	EPA ID No	· KSDO	0072468	46	_
	Facility Name Conservation Services, Inc.						
	Street2525 New York						-
	City	, Kansas Zip <u>67</u> 2			219	<u>.</u>	
	CountySedgwickPhone(316) 267-5742						-
	Contacts David TromboldHazardous Waste Coordinator						
	Inspector Dale T. Stuckey						_
	Other	6 employee	s	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
						•	•
В.	Activity at Site						
	Treatment		Storage			<u>Disposal</u>	
_	Chem/Phys/Bio Treatment Filtration		Drums Pile			IncinerationLandfill	
-							
	Incineration		Surfa	ce Impoun	dment	Land Tre	atment
-	Recycling/RecoveryReprocessingSolvent Recovery		2 Tank,	Above gr	ound	Surface	Impoundment
			Tank,	Below gr	ound	Other ()
			Other	()			
	Thermal Treatm						
	Volume Reduction						
	Waste Oil						
	Other ()						

No NA

ADDENDUM TO TREATMENT, STORAGE, AND DISPOSAL CHECKLIST LAND BAN F-SOLVENTS

A.	For	on-si	te facilities, complete the genera	tor checklist					
в.	General Facility Standards								
	1.	prop	waste analysis plan revised erly to cover Part 268 irements [264.13 or 265.13]?	Yes	NO				
	2.	chem:	facility obtain representative ical and physical analysis of e(s) and residues?	Yes	No'				
		a.	Did testing include analyses for all F001-F005 constituents?	Yes	NO				
		b.	Were analyses performed using TCLP?	Yes	No				
			If yes, identify lab						
		c.	Describe frequency of sampling:						
В.	3. Stor	ana: [20	the operating records, including lyses and quantities, complete 64.73/265.73]?	Yes	ио (Ś)				
	1.	a.	Were F001-F005 wastes exceeding treatment standards stored?	Yes	No ·				
		If n	o, go to "C"	_					
•		b.	Are all containers and tanks clearly marked to identify contents and date(s) entering storage?						

786f 9 9UA RECEIVED BUREAU OF

MANAGEMENT TNEMEGEMENT